

Name _____

Fraction Multiplication

To multiply fractions, you can multiply the numerators, then multiply the denominators. Write the product in simplest form.

Multiply. $\frac{3}{10} \times \frac{4}{5}$

Step 1 Multiply the numerators. Multiply the denominators.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{3}{10} \times \frac{4}{5} &= \frac{3 \times 4}{10 \times 5} \\ &= \frac{12}{50}\end{aligned}$$

Step 2 Write the product in simplest form.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{12}{50} &= \frac{12 \div 2}{50 \div 2} \\ &= \frac{6}{25}\end{aligned}$$

So, $\frac{3}{10} \times \frac{4}{5}$ is $\frac{6}{25}$.

Find the product. Write the product in simplest form.

1. $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{5}$

2. $\frac{4}{7} \times \frac{5}{12}$

3. $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{2}{9}$

4. $\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{5}{8}$

5. $\frac{1}{3} \times 4$

6. $\frac{3}{4} \times 8$

7. $\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{2}{3}$

8. $\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{3}{8}$

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Area and Mixed Numbers

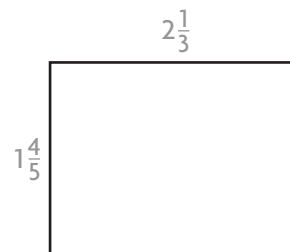
You can use an area model to help you multiply mixed numbers.

Find the area. $1\frac{4}{5} \times 2\frac{1}{3}$

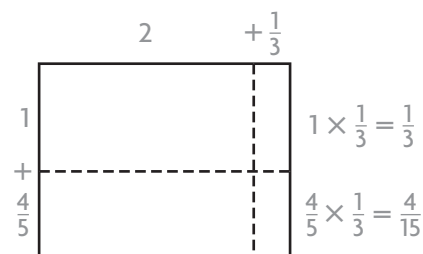
Step 1 Rewrite each mixed-number factor as the sum of a whole number and a fraction.

$$1\frac{4}{5} = 1 + \frac{4}{5} \text{ and } 2\frac{1}{3} = 2 + \frac{1}{3}$$

Step 2 Draw an area model to show the original multiplication problem.



Step 3 Draw dashed lines, and label each section to show how you broke apart the mixed numbers in Step 1.



Step 4 Find the area of each section.

$$1 \times 2 = \underline{2}$$

$$1 \times \frac{1}{3} = \underline{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} \times 2 = \underline{\frac{8}{5}}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{1}{3} = \underline{\frac{4}{15}}$$

Step 5 Add the areas of each of the sections to find the total area of the rectangle.

$$\begin{aligned} 2 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{8}{5} + \frac{4}{15} &= \frac{30}{15} + \frac{5}{15} + \frac{24}{15} + \frac{4}{15} \\ &= \frac{63}{15}, \text{ or } \underline{4\frac{1}{5}} \end{aligned}$$

So, $1\frac{4}{5} \times 2\frac{1}{3}$ is $\underline{4\frac{1}{5}}$.

Use an area model to solve.

1. $1\frac{2}{3} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$

2. $1\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{3}{5}$

3. $2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{3}$

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Compare Mixed Number Factors and Products

Complete each statement with *equal to*, *greater than*, or *less than*.

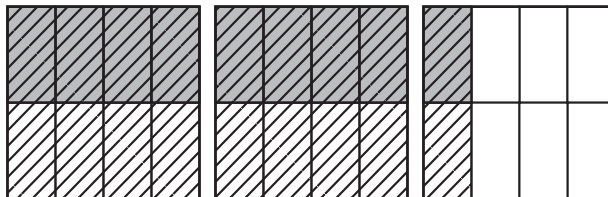
$$1 \times 1\frac{3}{4} \text{ is } \underline{\quad? \quad} 1\frac{3}{4}.$$

The Identity Property of Multiplication states that the product of

1 and any number is that number. So, $1 \times 1\frac{3}{4}$ is equal to $1\frac{3}{4}$.

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{4} \text{ is } \underline{\quad? \quad} 2\frac{1}{4}.$$

Draw three rectangles. Divide each rectangle into 4 equal columns.



Shade completely the first two rectangles and one column of the last rectangle to represent $2\frac{1}{4}$.

Divide the rectangles into 2 rows. Shade one row to represent the factor $\frac{1}{2}$.

18 small rectangles are shaded. 9 rectangles have both types of shading. 9 rectangles is less than the 18 rectangles that represent $2\frac{1}{4}$.

$$\text{So, } \frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{4} \text{ is } \underline{\text{less than}} 2\frac{1}{4}.$$

When you multiply a mixed number by a fraction less than 1,

the product will be less than the mixed number.

$$1\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{3}{4} \text{ is } \underline{\quad? \quad} 1\frac{1}{4}.$$

Use what you know about the product of two whole numbers greater than 1 to determine the size of the product of two mixed numbers.

$$\text{So, } 1\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{3}{4} \text{ is } \underline{\text{greater than}} 1\frac{1}{4} \text{ and } \underline{\text{greater than}} 1\frac{3}{4}.$$

When you multiply two mixed numbers, their product is greater than either factor.

Complete the statement with *equal to*, *greater than*, or *less than*.

1. $\frac{3}{5} \times 1\frac{2}{7}$ is _____ $1\frac{2}{7}$.

2. $\frac{6}{6} \times 3\frac{1}{3}$ is _____ $3\frac{1}{3}$.

3. $2\frac{1}{5} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$ is _____ $1\frac{1}{4}$.

4. $\frac{8}{9} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$ is _____ $4\frac{3}{4}$.